# SENATE BYLAWS THE STUDENT GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION OF

THE CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY OF AMERICA

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# **Table of Contents**

| Article I General Provisions                                      | 5  |
|---|----|
| Section 1 Governing Documents                                     | 5  |
| Section 2 Oath  | 5  |
| Article II Senate Meetings  | 5  |
| Section 1 Meeting Requirements                                    |    |
| Section 2 Public Comment  |    |
| Section 3 Attendance  |    |
| Section 4 Vacancies in the Senate                                 |    |
| Section 5 Officers of the Senate                                  |    |
| Article III Committees  | 7  |
| Section 1 Committee Structure                                     |    |
| Section 2 Duties  |    |
| Section 2 Duties  |    |
| Section 4 The Committee on Rules and Administration               |    |
| Section 5 The Committee on Academic Affairs                       |    |
| Section 6 The Committee on University Services                    |    |
| Section 7 The Committee on Student Resources                      |    |
| Section 8 The Committee on Campus Life                            | 10 |
| Section 9 Succession of a Committee Chair                         |    |
| Article IV Rules of Debate and Decorum                            | 11 |
| Section 1 Interruption of Business Prohibited                     |    |
| Section 2 Recognition; Rise to Address                            |    |
| Section 3 Members to Remain in Seat; Exceptions                   |    |
| Section 4 Limits on Debate  |    |
| Section 5 Member not to be Interrupted While Speaking; Exceptions |    |
| Section 6 Decorous Language                                       | 12 |
| Section 7 Technology  | 12 |
| Section 8 Call to Order for Violation of Rules                    | 12 |
| Section 9 Clearing the Chamber                                    | 13 |
| Section 10 Robert's Rules of Order                                | 13 |
| Article V Motions and Voting                                      | 13 |
| Section 1 Motions   |    |
| Section 2 Motions and Voting Chart                                |    |
| Section 3 Voting  |    |
| Section 4 Legislation   |    |
| Section 5 Veto Override   |    |
| Article VI President of the Senate                                | 16 |

| Section 1 Powers of the President of the Senate                   | 16 |
|---|----|
| Article VII Board of Elections                                    | 17 |
| Section 1 Purpose   | 17 |
| Section 2 Composition   | 17 |
| Section 3 Duties of the Chair of the Board of Election            | 17 |
| Section 4 Duties of the Board of Election                         | 17 |
| Section 5 Definitions   |    |
| Section 6 Official Election Campaign Rules                        | 18 |
| Article VIII Impeachments, Motions of No Confidence, and Censures | 19 |
| Section 1 Impeachment Process                                     | 19 |
| Section 2 Censures  | 20 |
| Article IX Allocation Appeals Process                             | 21 |
| Section 1 Purpose   |    |
| Section 2 Process   |    |
| Section 3 Executive Voting  |    |
| Section 4 The Special Committee on Allocations Appeals            |    |
| Section 5 Senate Voting.  |    |
| Section 6 Veto Override   |    |

## Article I Senate General Provisions

#### Section 1 Governing Documents

Clause 1 The governing documents in order of precedence are the Student Government Association Constitution, the Senate Bylaws, and *Robert's Rules of Order*.

#### Section 2 Oath

- Clause 1 The Senate Oath shall be administered by the Vice President of the Student Government Association. No Senator shall assume his or her duties until he or she takes the oath prescribed in Clause 2.
- Clause 2 At the time in which a Senator is sworn in, he or she shall read aloud the following as he or she raises his or her right hand:

"I (state your name) do solemnly swear to execute the duties of the office of the Senate, and that-I will abide by the governing documents of the Student Government Association in order to promote the interests and welfare of the undergraduate students of The Catholic University of America."

# Article II

### Senate Meetings

#### Section 1 Meeting Requirements

- Clause 1 Meetings of the Senate shall be held in a suitable location and time to be determined by the President of the Senate at the beginning of his or her term. The location is subject to change pending availability.
- Clause 2 Business may only be conducted in the presence of a quorum of the Senate. Quorum shall be defined as a majority of Senate seats, be they occupied or vacant.
- Clause 3 Special sessions of the Senate may be called by the President of the Senate or by an e-mail petition of a majority of Senators on the current membership rolls at any time provided <del>twenty-four (24)</del> forty-eight (48) hours notice. Said e-mail shall be sent to the President of the Senate, and it will show the individual replies of every Senator.
- Clause 4 Senate meetings shall never exceed two (2) hours, absent a four-fifths (4/5) vote of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall be empowered to allot the amount of time needed for all business.

#### Section 2 Public Comment

- Clause 1 At a point during Senate meetings, and at the discretion of the President of the Senate, there shall be public comment.
- Clause 2 The President of the Senate is directed to ensure that undergraduate students are given priority during public comment.
- Clause 3 No person not a member of the Senate shall be admitted to the Senate Chamber for the purpose of presenting or reading any petition, memorial, or address during the regular business of the Senate, except during public comment.
- Clause 4 If a member of the public's comment is deemed irrelevant, disruptive, or disrespectful, it is at the discretion of the President of the Senate to revoke that member of the public's privilege to speak for part or whole of public comment.

#### Section 3 Attendance

- Clause 1 Senators shall have no more than four (4) absences from Senate functions per term. Senate functions include Senate meetings and committee meetings. Other functions are determined by the President of the Senate.
- Clause 2 Senators who exceed four (4) absences may be subject to censure as outlined in Article III Section 2.

#### Section 4 Vacancies in the Senate

- Clause 1 When a Senator resigns from the Senate, that member shall submit, in writing, his or her resignation to the President of the Student Government Association, the President of the Senate, and the Committee Chair(s) of the committee(s) on which that member serves. This shall be considered a vacancy.
- Clause 2 To fill a vacancy in the Senate, the President of the Student Government Association shall make an appointment which shall be confirmed by the Senate under a simple majority vote which will constitute the Senate's advice and consent.

#### Section 5 Officers of the Senate

- Clause 1 The Parliamentarian is an expert in the parliamentary procedures who is appointed by the President of the Student Government Association to his or her cabinet.
- Clause 2 Roles of the Parliamentarian in the Senate include:

|          | <ul> <li>(i) Speaking to the presiding officer when requested and providing explanations or advice, but not rulings, which are always made by the presiding officer.</li> <li>(ii) Giving advice to the presiding officer and informing the presiding officer of errors in parliamentary procedures.</li> </ul> |
|----------|---|
| Clause 3 | The Parliamentarian shall sit next to the presiding officer during meetings.  |
| Clause 4 | The Secretary of the Student Government Association or someone so deputized<br>by the Secretary shall serve as Secretary of the Senate.   |
| Clause 5 | Roles of the Secretary include:   |
|          | <ul> <li>(i) Calling roll at Senate meetings</li> <li>(ii) Recording votes</li> <li>(iii) Recording, preserving, and distributing minutes of meetings</li> <li>(iv) Speaking to the presiding officer</li> </ul>  |

Clause 6 The Secretary of the Senate shall sit next to the presiding officer during meetings.

### Article III

### Senate Committees

#### Section 1 Committee Structure

- Clause 1 There shall be five (5) standing committees: the Committee on Rules and Administration, the Committee on Academic Affairs, the Committee on University Services, the Committee on Student Resources, and the Committee on Campus Life.
- Clause 2 The Committee on Academic Affairs, the Committee on University Services, the Committee on Student Resources, and the Committee on Campus Life shall have a Committee Chair elected by and from the Senate.
- Clause 3 The Committee on Rules and Administration shall be chaired by the President pro tempore, who is elected by and from the Senate.
- Clause 4 Following a nomination from a Senator, a Committee Chair and the President pro tempore shall be elected by a majority vote. If there is no majority received on the first ballot, there will be a runoff vote between the top two (2) candidates.

#### Section 2 Duties

Clause 1 The primary role of a committee is to serve as the liaison between the Senate and the schools, departments, and organizations within the purview of the committee.

Clause 2 Once legislation is referred to a committee, it is that committee's responsibility to evaluate, amend, and vote on said legislation referred to it by the Senate. Clause 3 A majority vote of the committee will either force the legislation to a vote by the Senate or terminate the legislation in committee. Clause 4 A vote to terminate legislation in committee will prevent proposals from consideration on the Senate floor, save by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the Senate to the contrary. Clause 5 Committees, with the exception of the Committee on Rules and Administration, shall meet at least once every two (2) weeks. Clause 6 In order to conduct business, quorum must be met. Quorum shall be defined as four-fifths (4/5) of the members of the committee. Clause 7 Each standing committee shall adopt *Robert's Rules of Order* and abide by all governing documents of the Student Government Association. Section 3 **Committee Chairs** Committee Chairs will be responsible for composing a detailed report of their Clause 1 committee meetings. Said reports shall be discussed in the form of committee reports during the allotted floor time of the Senate meetings. Clause 2 Committee Chairs shall have the ability to yield their time during committee reports to members of their committees as they see fit. Clause 3 Committee Chairs shall be empowered to run their committee meetings as they see fit. Clause 4 Committee Chairs shall be responsible for organizing meetings, forums, town halls, etc. Clause 5 Committee Chairs shall be responsible for delegating tasks to the members of their committees Clause 6 A Committee Chair may be removed from his or her post as Committee Chair by a majority vote of their the respective committee followed by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the Senate. Section 4 The Committee on Rules and Administration Clause 1 The Committee on Rules and Administration shall be responsible for: Business relating to the composition, rules, and duties of the Senate (i) Reviewing decisions of the President of the Senate (ii)

- (iii) Other matters that pertain to the responsibilities and rights of Senators
- Clause 2 When the committee has business, it must conclude all business at least one (1) hour before the next scheduled Senate Meeting.
- Clause 3 The committee will be chaired by the President pro tempore, elected by the process outlined in the Student Government Association Constitution Article III Section 1 Clause 4. Said committee will be comprised of four (4) Senators selected by the President pro tempore and approved by the President of the Senate.

#### Section 5 The Committee on Academic Affairs

- Clause 1 The Committee on Academic Affairs shall be responsible for examining aspects of the following schools, departments, and organizations:
  - (i) CUAbroad
  - (ii) CUA First Year Experience
  - (iii) School of Architecture
  - (iv) School of Arts and Sciences
  - (v) School of Engineering
  - (vi) School of Nursing
  - (vii) School of Philosophy
  - (viii) School of Theology and ReligiousStudies
  - (ix) The Benjamin T. Rome School of Music
  - (x) The Center for Academic Success
  - (xi) The National Catholic School of Social Services
  - (xii) The Provost's Office
  - (xiii) The Tim and Steph Busch School of Business and Economics
  - (xiv) The University Honors Program
  - (xv) University Libraries
- Clause 2 The President of the Senate shall be responsible for meeting with the Provost or delegating the meeting to the Committee Chair. It shall be the President of the Senate's duty or such said designee to provide the information to the committee in some form.
- Clause 3 Each School shall have one representative on the Committee on Academic Affairs, which will be selected by the Committee Chair and approved by the President of the Senate. These nine (9) Senators will comprise the Committee on Academic Affairs, as well as the Committee Chair.

#### Section 6 The Committee on University Services

Clause 1 The Committee on University Services shall be responsible for examining the following departments and organizations:

- (i) Center for Planning and Information Technology
- (ii) Events and Conference Services
- (iii) Facilities and Maintenance Operations
- (iv) International Student and Scholar Services
- (v) Office of Enrollment Services
- (vi) Office of Student Financial Assistance
- (vii) Postal Services
- Clause 2 This committee shall consist of four (4) Senators and a Committee Chair. Senators shall be selected by the Committee Chair and approved by the President of the Senate.

#### Section 7 The Committee on Student Resources

- Clause 1 The Committee on Student Resources shall be responsible for examining the following departments and organizations:
  - (i) Alumni Relations
  - (ii) Bookstore
  - (iii) Campus Ministry
  - (iv) Career Services
  - (v) Center for Cultural Engagement
  - (vi) Dean of Students
  - (vii) Department of Public Safety
  - (viii) Office of Campus Activities
  - (ix) Residence Life
  - (x) Student Organization Funding
- Clause 2 This committee shall consist of four (4) Senators and a Committee Chair. Senators shall be selected by the Committee Chair and approved by the President of the Senate.

#### Section 8 The Committee on Campus Life

- Clause 1 The Committee on Campus Life shall be responsible for the following departments and organizations:
  - (i) Athletics
  - (ii) Counseling Center
  - (iii) Dining Services
  - (iv) Disability Support Services
  - (v) Eugene I. Kane Fitness Center
  - (vi) Health Services
  - (vii) Housing Services
  - (viii) Raymond A. DuFour Athletic Center

Clause 2 This committee shall consist of four (4) Senators and a Committee Chair. Senators shall be selected by the Committee Chair and approved by the President of the Senate.

#### Section 9 Succession of Committee Chair

- Clause 1 In case of resignation, or permanent incapacitation, of any Committee Chair, the committee from which said Committee Chair is from will hold elections within the committee to elect a new Committee Chair except for the Committee on Rules and Administration.
- Clause 2 In case of resignation, or permanent incapacitation of the President pro tempore, who also serves as the Committee Chair of the Committee on Rules and Administration, the Senate shall elect a new President pro tempore who shall also serve as the Committee Chair on the Rules and Administration.
- Clause 3 This process will follow the same procedures as the election of a Committee Chair as outlined in Article III Section 1 Clause 4.

### Article IV Senate Rules of Debate and Decorum

| Section 1 | Interruption of Business   |
|-----------|--|
| Clause 1  | The business of the Senate shall not be interrupted.   |
| Section 2 | Recognition  |
| Clause 1  | A member shall not speak until recognized by the presiding officer.  |
| Clause 2  | When any member wishes to speak in debate, or otherwise address the Senate in any manner, that member shall rise to seek recognition.  |
| Clause 3  | The presiding officer may refuse to recognize any member who is out of proper order.   |
| Section 3 | Remain in Seat   |
| Clause 1  | Each member shall remain in his or her seat while the Senate is in session, except<br>when rising to seek recognition, when recognized to address the Senate, when<br>asking a question, or when raising a point of order. |
| Clause 2  | Immediately upon asking a question, a member shall return to his or her seat and not speak again unless recognized.  |

Clause 3 If a member needs to temporarily remove himself or herself from the room, that member must seek permission from the presiding officer.

#### Section 4 Limits on Debate

- Clause 1 No Senator shall speak more than twice on any question without permission of the Senate, or be interrupted when speaking, except by a call to order by the presiding officer or by a Senator through the presiding officer.
- Clause 2 The sponsoring Senator(s) of legislation shall be granted the privileges of opening the debate with introductory remarks, of answering questions during debate at the discretion of the presiding officer, and of providing the final remarks during following debate.
- Clause 3 The Senate may at any time, by a two-thirds (2/3) majority vote, limit debate so that no Senator shall be permitted to speak longer than ten (10) minutes at one (1) time. A motion to that effect shall be in order at any time, taking precedence over every other motion, except a motion to adjourn.

#### Section 5 Interruptions While Speaking

- Clause 1 While a member is speaking, that member shall not be interrupted by another member for a question, or for any other purpose, except to raise a point of order, a point of information, point of inquiry, or to make a privileged motion.
- Clause 2 A member who has the floor or was entitled to the floor at adjournment, recess, or passage into a new legislative day, is entitled to the floor on renewal of debate on the measure.

#### Section 6 Decorous Language

Clause 1 Every member shall confine oneself to decorous language in addressing the Senate and shall make no personal or derogatory remark to or about any member.

#### Section 7 Technology

Clause 1 The use of electronic devices, included but not limited to cell phones, tablets, and computers, are strictly prohibited for all Senators. Exceptions to this are at the discretion of the President of the Senate.

#### Section 8 Call to Order for Violation of Rules

- Clause 1 If any member violates the Rules of Debate and Decorum, the presiding officer shall call that Senator to order. Any member called to order shall immediately return to order and observe proper decorum.
- Clause 2 Any Senator can call to question the order of the body when warranted.

- Clause 3 Every question of order shall be directed to and decided by the presiding officer without debate.
- Clause 4 Upon the presiding officer's directive, or the motion of a member duly adopted, the member may appeal the call of to order to the presiding officer.
- Clause 5 If, after being called to order, a member persists in a breach of proper order, it shall be the duty of the presiding officer to reprimand the offending member.
- Clause 6 If the member refuses to submit to reprimand or continues to be out of order, the presiding officer may eject that member from the Senate for a stated period determined by the presiding officer or for such period as may be stated by the Senate upon a motion duly adopted. In such a case, that member shall not again be admitted to the floor during the specified time, except by a majority vote of the Senate.

#### Section 9 Clearing the Chamber

- Clause 1 In case of disturbance or disorderly conduct, the presiding officer may, or at the request of a majority of those present and voting, clear the chamber of any or all persons causing or creating the disturbance. Any person(s) may be readmitted to the Senate Chamber upon approval of the presiding officer or by a majority of the Senate members present and voting.
- Section 10 Robert's Rules of Order
- Clause 1 Any rules, guidelines, or authorities not specifically outlined in this document shall be left to the most recent edition of *Robert's Rules of Order*.

### Article V Senate Motions and Voting

#### Section 1 Motions

- Clause 1 No motion may be moved while another Senator has the floor with exception determined in Article IV Section 5 Clause 1.
- Clause 2 Senators shall not use motions and/or voting procedures as a means to an end. The presiding officer shall reserve the right to rule a motion dilatory, absurd, or out of order.
- Clause 3 The presiding officer shall reserve the right to choose not to recognize dilatory, absurd, or out of order motions.
- Clause 4 The process for initiating motions and voting shall be found in the chart below.

| Motion                               | Second<br>Required? | Amendable? | Effect of Motion   | Vote<br>Required<br>for<br>Passage |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|------------|--|------------------------------------|
|                                      |                     | Debatable  |  |                                    |
| Main Motion                          | Yes                 | Yes   Yes  | A main motion brings an item to<br>the attention of the Senate for<br>consideration. A Main Motion is<br>the starting point for all other<br>motions.  | Majority                           |
| Adjourn                              | Yes                 | Yes   No   | Adjourning a meeting will end it.  | Majority                           |
| Limit or<br>Extend Debate            | Yes                 | Yes   No   | This motion allows the Senate to set time constraints on debate  | 2/3<br>Majority                    |
| Amend                                | Yes                 | Yes   Yes  | Senators can amend another<br>member's motion with a motion<br>to amend.   | Majority                           |
| Lay<br>upon/Remove<br>from the Table | Yes                 | No   No    | A successful motion to lie upon<br>the table results in the<br>termination of consideration of a<br>motion. A tabled motion may be<br>removed from the table by a<br>majority vote.  | Majority                           |
| Vote by                              | Yes                 | Yes   No   | A Senator may propose that an<br>alternate system of voting be<br>implemented by making this<br>motion. Alternate voting<br>methods include ballot, voice<br>vote, and division.   | Majority                           |
| Call the<br>Previous<br>Question     | Yes                 | No   No    | When "the question" is called<br>(i.e., when this motion is<br>successful), all debate is ended<br>and the motion being discussed<br>is voted upon immediately.<br>When used recklessly, this<br>motion can block others from<br>asking or answering important<br>questions. | 2/3<br>Majority                    |

Section 2 Motions and Voting Chart

| Section 3 | Voting   |
|-----------|--|
| Clause 1  | All legislation requires, at minimum, a majority vote of Senators that make up the quorum to pass.   |
| Section 4 | Legislation  |
| Clause 1  | All Senators shall have the right to propose legislation in the form of a bill or resolution.  |
| Clause 2  | A bill is a piece of legislation relating to the functioning of the Student Government Association.  |
| Clause 3  | A resolution is a piece of legislation pertaining to any matter outside of<br>the functioning of the Student Government Association.   |
| Clause 4  | Proposed legislation shall follow the format as deemed appropriate by the President of the Senate at the beginning of his or her term.   |
| Clause 5  | All legislation and requests to reserve time must be e-mailed to the President of the Senate at least twenty four (24) forty-eight (48) hours prior to the respective Senate meeting.                                |
| Clause 6  | The President of the Senate shall place the reserved time and legislation on the agenda for the meeting.   |
| Clause 7  | Legislation shall be introduced by a "First Reading" by the presiding officer<br>unless designated to be read in by the Secretary at the discretion of the presiding<br>officer.                                     |
| Clause 8  | After the reading of legislation, a period of debate shall be opened and closed as outlined in Article IV.   |
| Clause 9  | All Senators reserve the right to propose amendments to the legislation, send legislation to the appropriate committee(s) for further review, or vote to pass it as is unless otherwise stated.                      |
| Clause 10 | When the Senate so indicates that it would like to vote on the legislation as is, it may; however, if amended, a Senator may motion for a "Second Reading" to be read in at the discretion of the presiding officer. |
| Clause 11 | When legislation is referred to committee, the committee shall follow the process outlined in Article III Section 2.   |

#### Section 5 Veto Override

- Clause 1 When the Student Government Association President vetoes a piece of legislation, the Senate may vote to override the veto by a three-fourths (3/4) vote of the Senate.
- Clause 2 When legislation is vetoed, in order to override said veto, there must be a motion to reconsider the legislation, In order to override a Presidential veto, the sponsoring Senator(s) shall reintroduce the legislation as a new bill or resolution, noting the objections of the President of the Student Government Association.
- Clause 3 A three-fourths (3/4) vote overrides the Presidential veto, and makes the legislation binding.

# Article VI

### The President of the Senate

### Section 1 Powers of the President of the Senate

- Clause 1 The President of the Senate shall act with impartiality in all matters coming before the Senate, except in cases in which he or she may vote. The President of the Senate shall be obligated to speak on behalf of all decisions and resolutions of the Senate.
- Clause 2 The President of the Senate shall have the power to refer any matters before the Senate to the proper committee immediately upon "First Reading."
- Clause 3 The President of the Senate shall have the power to format and set the agenda for each Senate meeting. The President of the Senate is further responsible for ensuring the distribution of the agenda via e-mail to all members on the membership rolls at least twelve (12) twenty-four (24) hours prior to the scheduled meeting. Said agenda shall include any relevant legislation or other documents pertinent to the corresponding Senate meeting.
- Clause 4 The President of the Senate shall be responsible for communicating the decisions and resolutions of the Senate to the departments which such decisions and resolutions directly affect.
- Clause 5 The President of the Senate shall be empowered to ensure that the governing documents of the Student Government Association are being followed by all Senators.
- Clause 6 The President of the Senate shall be responsible for signing all bills and resolutions that will be sent to the President of the Student Government Association for final signing.

Clause 7 The President of the Senate may sit as a membernon-voting *ex officio* member of all Senate committees.<del>, except where stated otherwise.</del>

# Article VII Senate Board of Elections

| Section 1           | Purpose   |  |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Clause 1            | The purpose of the Board of Elections will be to conduct fall elections for the Senate.   |  |
| Section 2           | Composition   |  |
| Clause 1            | The President of the Senate shall appoint the members of the Board of Elections, serving as the Chair of the Board of Elections.  |  |
| Clause 2            | The composition of the Board of Elections will be no fewer than five (5) total members of the undergraduate student body and no more than nine (9) at any one time.   |  |
| <del>Clause 3</del> | Membership of the Board of Elections will be open to any member of the<br>undergraduate student body not running for election. All members of the Board of<br>Elections will be chosen by the Chair of the Board of Elections and presented to<br>the Executive of the Student Government Association for approval. |  |
| Clause 3            | The Chair of the Board of Elections may only vote in the event of a tie.  |  |
| Clause 4            | Membership of the Board of Elections will be open to any member of the<br>undergraduate student body not running for election. All members of the Board<br>of Elections will be chosen by the Chair of the Board of Elections and presented<br>to the Executive of the Student Government Association for approval. |  |
| Clause 4Claus       | Se 5 All members serve at the pleasure of the Chair of the Board of Elections.  |  |
| Section 3           | Duties of the Chair of the Board of Elections   |  |
| Clause 1            | The duties of the Chair of the Board of Elections shall be as follows:  |  |
|                     | (i) Preside over any meeting of the Board of Elections or designate<br>another member of the Board of Elections to preside in his or her place  |  |
|                     | <ul> <li>(ii) Certify any election results</li> <li>(iii) Conduct any votes of the Board of Elections either in person or via e-mail</li> </ul>   |  |
| Section 4           | Duties of the Board of Elections  |  |
| Clause 1            | The duties of the Board of Elections shall be as follows:   |  |
|                     |   |  |

- (i) Set the official date for elections
- (ii) Hold an Information Session no later than two (2) weeks before Election Day
- (iii) Draft and distribute an "Elections Timeline" no later than two (2) weeks before Election Day
- (iv) Ensure that any student running for election meets the qualifications outlined in the Student Government Association Constitution, as well as approved by the Dean of Students
- (v) Approve any official campaign advertisement before they are distributed
- (vi) Mediate any disputes between candidates
- (vii) Secure voting equipment and polling places
- (viii) Ensure that each polling place is staffed with persons and equipment
- (ix) Ensure that all undergraduate students have the right and ability to vote
- (x) Tally the votes no later than 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time on Election Day
- (xi) Announce the election results after certification
- (xii) Distribute election results to all campus media and administrative offices
- (xiii) Implement and oversee any publication or advertisement of elections or referenda
- (xiv) Ensure that candidates submit an intent to run-Board of Electionsmust receive all intent forms by the Friday and are approved to campaign no later than seven (7) days before elections Election Day
- (xv) Ensure that the ballot contains slots for write-in candidates for all positions up for election

#### Section 5 Definitions

- Clause 1 The following are established definitions:
  - (i) Election Period: The election period will begin with the first meeting of the Board of Elections after the date of the Election Day has been decided and end on Election Day when the results are announced.

#### Section 6 Official Election Campaign Rules

- Clause 1 Rules for campaigning shall be as follows:
  - (i) Posters and/or fliers must be approved by the Board of Elections and Office of Campus Activities before being posted in the Pryzbyla Center, any academic building, and/or the residence halls.
  - Posters and/or fliers that are to be posted in common areas of residence halls must be posted in accordance with the rules established by the University's Director of Residence Life which are found on their website.
  - (iii) Posters and/or fliers that are posted in the Pryzbyla Center, any academic buildings, or common areas of residence halls shall not be larger than standard letter size (8 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> by 11 inches).

- (iv) Posters and/or fliers must include the candidate's name, the date and time of the election, and the location of polling places.
- (v) Posters and/or fliers shall not be posted on windows, on top of signs, or any other posters and/or fliers.
- (vi) Posters and/or fliers must be removed from the Pryzbyla Center, all academic buildings, and common areas of residence halls by 12:00 p.m. Eastern Time on the day after the election.
- (vii) There will be no campaigning and/or any solicitation of votes in the Pryzbyla Center on Election Day.
- (viii) (viii) Candidates shall not be required to make a speech to the student body. The Board of Elections may decide to hold election speeches, but participation is entirely voluntary.
- (ix) (viii) Candidates shall have the right to associate their campaign with a particular issue that is also set to appear on the ballot.
- (x) (ix) Candidates shall submit a ballot statement of no more than one hundred (100) words to appear on the official ballot under their names.
- (xi) (x) Candidates may not solicit votes via e-mail. This includes, but is not limited to, official University listservs, e-mail lists found on University or University associated websites (e.g., Blackboard or The Nest), and e-mails found through the Cardinal Mail system.
- (xii) (xi) Violating, taking down, or covering campaign materials will not be tolerated.
- Clause 2 The Board of Elections shall reserve the right to create any additional election rules to ensure the carrying out of a fair election, as long as they do not conflict with any of the rules outlined in the Senate Bylaws.
- Clause 3 If the Board of Elections creates a new rule, all candidates must be notified of such within twenty-four (24) hours.
- Clause 4 Procedures for penalizing violations of campaign rules shall be as follows:
  - A candidate may file a grievance to the Board of Elections against another candidate who is suspected of violating election rules. The Board of Elections shall then review the case and decide upon a verdict by a majority vote of the Board of Elections.
  - (ii) Penalties for violations of any campaign rules shall be dealt with on a case by case basis, by the Board of Elections.
  - (iii) The Board of Elections reserves the right to remove a candidate from the ballot if the Board of Elections maintains that the candidate's rule violation is a grievous offense.
  - (iv) The Board of Elections shall not at any time deduct votes from a candidate's vote total as a penalty for violating any rule.

Clause 5 Any rules, guidelines, or authority regarding elections not specifically outlined in the Senate Bylaws shall rest with the Board of Elections.

# Article VIII Impeachments and Censures

| Section 1 | Impeachment Process   |
|-----------|---|
| Clause 1  | Any member of the Senate may file charge(s) of impeachment against any<br>member of the Student Government Association who has failed to carry out the<br>duties of his or her office. Such charge(s) are to be filed with the President of<br>the Senate and the President pro tempore.  |
| Clause 2  | When charge(s) of impeachment are filed, the parties involved shall be notified<br>by the President of the Senate within twenty-four (24) hours of the charges being<br>filed.  |
| Clause 3  | The President of the Senate shall convene a special session of the Committee on<br>Rules and Administration in order to review the validity of the impeachment<br>charge(s). A majority vote of the Committee shall sustain the charge(s).  |
| Clause 4  | After sustaining the charge(s), the Senate shall meet within two (2) weeks of the Committee's decision.   |
| Clause 5  | Upon convening, the Senate shall formally hear the charge(s) of impeachment.<br>Both the complainant and the respondent may have such time, as they require, to<br>address the charge(s) and to provide evidence to the members of the Senate. This<br>may include witnesses, who will automatically be granted the right to speak. At<br>any time, questions will be permitted to either the complainant or the respondent.<br>The period of time delegated to each will not be limited, though it may be ended<br>by majority vote of the Senate. |
| Clause 6  | After the close of this period, the Senate shall engage in a period of debate. The period of debate will not be limited, though it may be concluded by a majority vote of the Senate.   |
| Clause 7  | At the close of the period of debate, a vote will automatically be taken. A three-fourths $(3/4)$ majority shall be required to impeach the respondent.   |
| Clause 8  | Removal from office shall follow automatically upon impeachment.  |
| Section 2 | Censure   |
| Clause 1  | A bill of censure of a member of the Senate, or the Executive, or the Treasury<br>Board of the Student Covernment Association may be presented in cases in  |

Board of the Student Government Association may be presented in cases in which a member's conduct is determined to be in violation of the moral, ethical,

or otherwise relevant standards (e.g., absenteeism, lack of decorum, failure to properly execute his or her role as a liaison to their his or her respective office(s)/department(s) or actions unbecoming of a member of the Student Government Association). Clause 2 A bill of censure may be proposed by any Senator or by a majority vote of a committee(s) the Senator serves on to the Committee on Rules and Administration Clause 3 Either a majority vote on the Committee on Rules and Administration or a petition of a majority of the Senators shall bring the bill of disapproval to a vote by the Senate. Clause 4 A simple majority of the Senate is required to pass a bill of censure. Clause 5 After a Senator Student Government Association member receives two (2) censures, the member will be considered suspended. Clause 6 Suspended members shall remain on the rolls of the membership but shall not count towards quorum, nor shall they have the right to speak or vote during their suspension in the Senate or any Senate Committee. Clause 7 If a member of the Senate is suspended and happens to is also be the Chair of a Committee of the Senate, the President of the Senate may act or appoint the President pro tempore as Chair of that Committee to conduct business. Clause 8 Until the suspension is lifted, the member is removed as the Chair of the Committee following the outlined process in Article III Section 3 Clause 6, or until the member is impeached. Clause 9 Suspension may be lifted by a majority decision of the Committee on Rules and Administration. Such a petition must be made by a member of the Senate in good standing. Said petition must contain three-fourths (3/4) signatures from members of the Senate Clause 10 After two consecutive (2) sessions, if no petition to lift the suspension is forthcoming, the Committee on Rules and Administration shall automatically initiate impeachment proceedings.

### Article IX Allocation Appeals Process

#### Section 1 Purpose

Clause 1 A student organization may formally appeal an allocation decision from the Treasury Board.

| Section 2 | Process   |
|-----------|---|
| Clause 1  | Upon receiving the funding offer from the Treasury Board, the student organization must accept or deny the offer extended within twenty-four (24) of receiving the offer.   |
| Clause 2  | In order to appeal the Treasury Board decision, the student organization must first deny the offer extended.  |
| Clause 3  | <ul> <li>The organization must include the following documents in their appeal to be sent to the Executive:</li> <li>(i) The original funding request form</li> <li>(ii) A detailed explanation of reasons for appealing the Treasury Board decision</li> </ul>   |
| Section 3 | Executive Voting  |
| Clause 1  | Three-fourths (3/4) of the Executive Board must approve the appeal for further action.  |
| Section 4 | The Special Committee on Allocation Appeals   |
| Clause 1  | If the Executive approves an organization's appeal, the President of the Senate<br>shall establish a Special Committee on Allocations Appeals to work with the<br>Treasury Board and the appealing student organization in order to present a<br>recommendation to the Senate.                          |
| Clause 2  | Such a recommendation will include both the Treasury Board's justification for its decision, as well as the organization's justification for appeal.  |
| Clause 3  | Each class shall have one representative on the Special Committee on Allocations<br>Appeals, which shall be selected by the President of the Senate. These four (4)<br>Senators will comprise the Special Committee on Allocations Appeals to be<br>chaired by the President pro tempore of the Senate. |
| Clause 4  | The Special Committee on Allocations Appeals must approve a final monetary recommendation to be presented to the Senate by a four-fifths (4/5) vote.  |
| Section 5 | Senate Voting   |
| Clause 1  | After the President pro tempore has presented the recommendation of the Special<br>Committee on Allocations Appeals to the Senate, a period of debate shall be<br>opened and closed as outlined in Article IV.  |
| Clause 2  | All Senators shall vote to approve or deny the recommendation by the Special<br>Committee on Allocations Appeals by a two-thirds (2/3) majority vote subject to<br>the approval of the President of the Student Government Association. The   |

recommendation shall not be subject to any amendments or any motions to send to committee.

### Section 6 Veto Override

Clause 1 To override a veto by the Student Government Association President, the Senate shall follow the process outlined in Article V Section 5.